

Circuits and electrostatics

$$\text{Ohm's law} = V = IR$$

$$\text{Power} = P = IV = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$\text{Series resistors} = R_{\text{Total}} = R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_n$$

$$\text{Parallel resistors} = \frac{1}{R_{\text{Total}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$$

$$\text{Resistance} = \frac{R}{\rho L/A}$$

$$\text{Current} = I = \frac{Q}{t}$$

$$\text{Coulomb's law} = F_E = \frac{k(Q_1Q_2)}{r^2}$$

$$\text{Electric field (point charge)} = E = \frac{kQ}{r^2}$$

$$\text{Force by an electric field} = F = qE$$

Magnetism

$$\text{Magnetic force} = F_m = qvB \sin\theta$$

Capacitors

$$\text{Capacitance} = C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$\text{Capacitance (geometry)} = C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$$

$$\text{Capacitor electric field} = E = \frac{V}{d}$$

$$\text{Potential energy} = PE_C = \frac{1}{2} QV$$

$$\text{Series capacitors} = \frac{1}{C_{\text{Total}}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{C_n}$$

$$\text{Parallel capacitors} = C_{\text{Total}} = C_1 + C_2 + \dots + C_n$$

Waves and oscillations

$$\text{Frequency} = f = \frac{1}{T} \text{ where } f \text{ is frequency and } T \text{ is period}$$

$$\text{Velocity} = v = \lambda f$$

$$\text{Hooke's law} = F_s = -kx$$

$$\text{Harmonics for open pipes} = f_n = \frac{nv}{2L}$$

$$\text{Harmonics for closed pipes} = f_n = n_{\text{odd}} \times \frac{v}{4L}$$

Sound

$$\text{Velocity} = v = \sqrt{\frac{B}{\rho}}$$

$$\text{Intensity} = I = \frac{\text{Power}}{\text{Area}}$$

$$\text{Intensity in decibels} = \beta = 10 \log \left( \frac{I}{I_0} \right)$$

$$\text{Doppler effect} = f_D = \frac{(v \pm v_D)}{(v \pm v_S)} \times f_s$$

Lights and optics

$$E_{\text{photon}} = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Index of refraction} = n = \frac{c}{v}$$

$$\text{Snell's law} = n_1 \sin\theta_1 = n_2 \sin\theta_2$$

$$\text{Lens equation} = \frac{1}{o} + \frac{1}{i} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\text{Magnification} = m = \frac{i}{o}$$

$$\text{Lens power} = P = \frac{1}{f}$$