NASAA SERIES 65/66 DUMP SHEET General information



Long call (right to buy)	Short call (obl to sell)
Bullish	Bearish
MG = unlimited	MG = premium
ML = premium	ML = unlimited
B/E = strike + premium	B/E = strike + premium
Hedge for short stock	Income w/ long stock
Long put (right to sell)	Short put (obl to buy)
Bearish	Bullish
MG = strike - premium	MG = premium
ML = premium	ML = strike - premium
B/E = strike - premium	B/E = strike - premium

premium strike - premium B/E = strike - premium Income w/ short stock



CY = annual income / market price

Descriptive statistics

Hedge for long stock

Mean = average Median = middle number Mode = most frequent number Range = high number - low number

Taxes

Cost basis = cost of investment + commission Sales proceeds = proceeds - commission Earned income = salary, wages, commissions, bonuses **Passive Income** = limited partnerships, investment property

Tax consequences

- **Dividends** • Qualified = 0%, 15%, or 20%
- Non-qualified = up to 37%
- Interest
- Corporate securities = fed (up to 37%) + state tax
- US gov't = fed (up to 37%) tax, exempt from state tax
- Municipal = exempt from fed & state tax if resident

Capital gains

- Short-term (1 year or less) = up to 37%
- Long-term (>1 year) = 0%, 15%, or 20%

Market order = next available price / execution guaranteed SL o BS Limit order = at specified price or better / price guaranteed

BL i SS Stop order = primarily used to protect / nothing guaranteed

Stop limit order = like a stop, but becomes limit after trigger

Portfolio analysis

Expected return (CAPM) = RF + ((MR-RF) x beta) Alpha = Actual return - expected return Sharpe ratio = (Actual return - risk free return) / standard deviation **Total return** = All gains and/or losses / original investment After-tax return = All tax-adjusted gains and/or losses / original investment Real rate of return = Actual return - inflation rate Rule of 72

• # of years to double money = 72 / rate of return

• Rate of return needed to double money = 72 / # of years

Convertible formulas Conv. ratio = par / conversion price Conv. = par / conversion ratio

Parity price formulas (bonds) Parity price of bond = stock's mkt price x conv. ratio Parity price of stock = bond's mkt price / conv. ratio

Parity price formulas (preferred stock)

Parity price of preferred stock = common stock's mkt price x conv. ratio Parity price of stock = bond's mkt price / conv. ratio

Tax equivalent yields

Tax-free equivalent yield = corp yield x (100% - tax bracket) Taxable equivalent yield = muni yield / (100% - tax bracket)

Margin (initial purchases)

Regulation T = 50% of initial purchase Minimum equity = \$2,000

Margin equity formulas

LMV - debit = equity Credit - SMV = equity

Margin minimum maintenance

Long accounts = 25%Short accounts = 30%

Fundamental analysis

Net worth = assets - liabilities Net working capital = current assets - current liabilities Current ratio = current assets / current liabilities Quick assets = current assets - inventory Quick (acid test) ratio = (current assets - inventory) / current liabilities Debt service coverage ratio = operating income / debt service reg. Earnings per share (EPS) = net earnings / outstanding shares PE ratio = market price / earnings per share (EPS)